One has continued to take on challenges that only Ono can take on and has created groundbreaking drugs.

"We believe there are new drugs that only we can develop."

Since our foundation in 1717, we have made progress for more than 300 years in our commitment to relieving the pain of patients and focus on their health improvement. We still continue to unite our efforts in meeting the challenge of discovering our own innovative drugs.



Pursuing value creation from our inception

1717

Ichibei Fushimiva I founded the apothecary Fushimiya Ichibei Shoten in Doshomachi, Osaka.

1934

Ichibei Ono VIII changed the name of the business from Fushimiva Ichibei. which had been used since its foundation, to Ono Ichibei Shoten (Ono-Ichi) and reorganized operations to modernize management.



Ono PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD. was established and it became a pharmaceutical manufacturer dedicated to developing ethical pharmaceuticals.

Contributes to a wide range of treatments through the development of innovative ethical pharmaceuticals

1960's

Transformed to a prescription drug manufacturer

1968

1970's-1980's

Successfully developed and launched new innovative drugs on the market





PROSTARMON-F Injection PROSTANDIN Injection



FOIPAN Tablets

Became the world's first company to succeed in the total chemical synthesis of prostaglandins

World's First

Tackling an Impossible Challenge: The Road to Launching PG Drugs on the Market

After World War II, ONO made a full-fledged entry into the OTC drug market. With the economy fluctuating and a universal health insurance system introduced in 1961, however, the OTC drug market environment became increasingly severe. Under such circumstances, prostaglandins (PGs) came to ONO's knowledge through the special lecture of Professor Sune K. Bergström of Sweden's Lund University in 1965, when ONO was still a small company with 20 researchers. With little development experience of prescription drugs, ONO started research on the then unidentified compounds. No method for the chemical synthesis of PGs had yet been established, and the only method available was biosynthesis, requiring a considerable amount of effort to produce even small quantities. Following the success by Professor Elias J. Corey (Harvard University, US) in total chemical synthesis of PGs, ONO immediately sent its researchers to the professor to have them learn about the method. Finally, in 1968, ONO succeeded in the total chemical synthesis of PGs on a commercial basis for the first time in the world.

To put it exaggeratedly, I feel like Columbus sailing on the Santa Maria westward across the Atlantic Ocean in search of the New World. 99

Excerpted from Yuzo Ono's remarks at the first PG Study Meeting



Yuzo Ono standing in front of the stone nent on which ONO's corporate philosophy is engraved

Spreading drugs to Alleviate More People's Pain

1990's-

In addition to in-house drug discovery, strengthen licensing activities



ONON Cansules

(2009)





ONOACT for Intravenous STAYRI A Tablets Infusion (2002)





(2009)



RIVASTACH Patches (2011)

Creating Hope for Cancer Treatment

2010's

Full-scale entry into the oncology field

2014

Launched the world's first anti-PD-1 antibody: OPDIVO

World's First

A Game-Changing Cancer Immunotherapy Approach That Has Contributed to Drug Development Leading to Receipt of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine



FY2021 Operating profit

The 2018 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine was awarded jointly to Distinguished Professor Tasuku Honjo of Kyoto University and Professor James P. Allison of the University of Texas "for their discovery of cancer therapy by inhibition of negative immune regulation," which was handled by ONO. In 1992, PD-1 was discovered at the Honjo laboratory of Kyoto University, but its functions had long been unknown. It was in 2002, 10 years after the identification of PD-1, that the researchers found it plays a role in the immune evasion mechanism of cancer. However, because treating cancer by boosting the immune system was an unprecedented concept, ONO faced great difficulty in finding a co-developer with human antibody production technology and was turned down by a succession of companies. In 2005, ONO finally found and reached a collaborative research agreement with the American bioventure company Medarex (which was acquired by Bristol-Myers Squibb in 2009). As for clinical trials of OPDIVO, which started in Japan in 2008, ONO also saw reluctance among clinical healthcare professionals in accepting the therapy. Overcoming many difficulties, ONO obtained marketing approval for OPDIVO as the world's first anti-PD-1 antibody in July 2014, 22 years after the discovery of PD-1. Currently, OPDIVO is approved for 11 cancers and offers a new treatment option to clinical healthcare professionals.

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